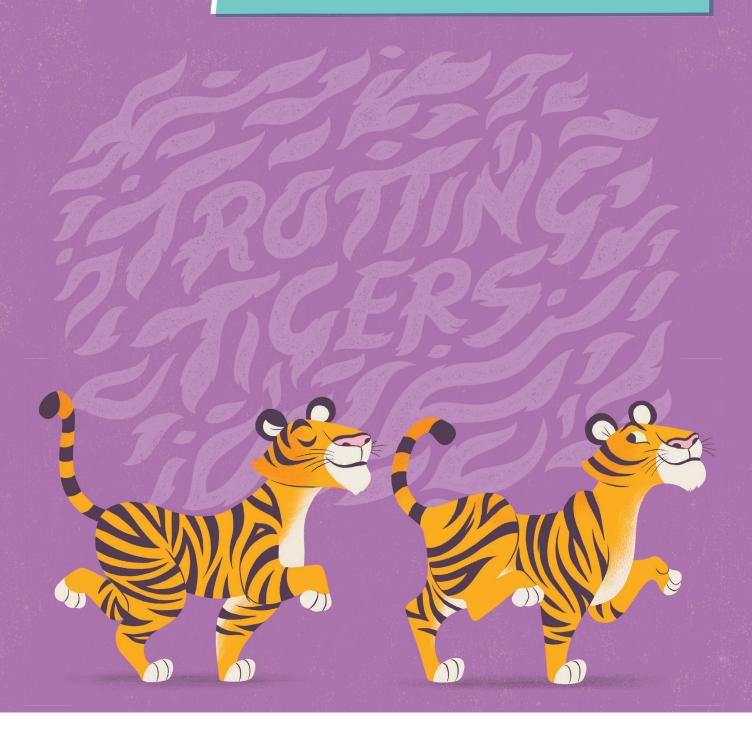
SOUND WAYES LITERACY

2

SYSTEMATIC SYNTHETIC PHONICS & WORD STUDY



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Welcome to Sound Waves Literacy

Our structured literacy approach is the key to reading, writing and spelling success.

Sound Waves Literacy is an evidence-informed program. Instruction builds from Foundation to Year 6 and covers four key areas of teaching: phonemic awareness, synthetic phonics, morphology and etymology.

Year 2 Overview

Follow these two steps to teach, practise and consolidate reading and spelling skills.

Step 1: Teach with Sound Waves Literacy Online

Year 2 lessons start with explicit teaching using the lesson guides and interactive slideshows at *Sound Waves Literacy Online*.

The teaching resources at *Sound Waves Literacy Online* help you to deliver systematic and engaging lessons that directly correspond to the activities in this book.

Step 2: Consolidate with the Student Book

Student Books in Years 1–6 all contain 36 units of work. Each unit is designed to take one week to complete.

In *Unit 1 Getting Started*, students demonstrate their understanding of the basic concepts needed to begin working with the program.

In *Units 2–36*, students complete Focus Word activities (reading and spelling words containing the focus phoneme), and Focus Concept activities (consolidating spelling and vocabulary concepts).

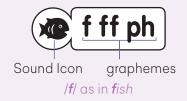
Additional resources, including *Teaching Charts*, *Student Charts* and *Playing Cards*, are also available to support teaching and learning.



Sound Boxes

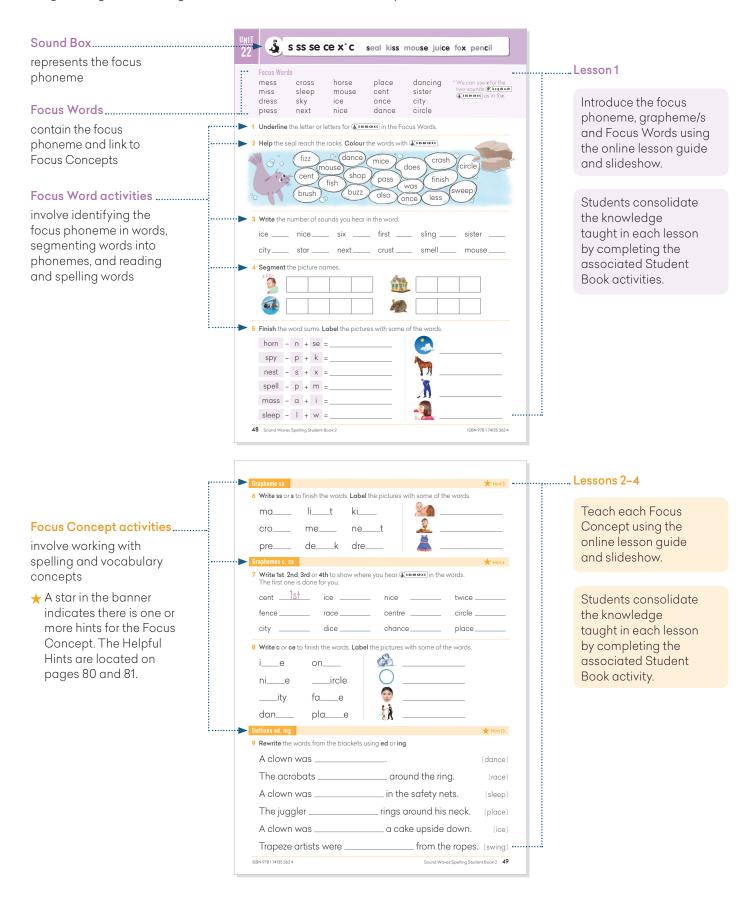
In Sound Waves each phoneme is represented by a Sound Box. Each Sound Box contains a Sound Icon and the most common grapheme/s used to represent that phoneme.

When you see a Sound Box, say the phoneme it represents, not the name of the Sound Icon or the letter name. For example, say the phoneme /f/, not fish or the letter name f.



How to Use This Book

The activities in this book should only be completed after the associated lessons have been taught using the teaching resources at *Sound Waves Literacy Online*.





kcqckx*ch kite car queen sock fox school

Focus Words

clap week skin clean clock skip crash black

stick truck call

ask could quit school quick next queen sixty

* We can use **x** for the two sounds 👰 k c q ck x ch sssecexc as in fox

1 Underline the letter or letters for keqkxth in the Focus Words.

cry

2 Draw a stroke on the line for each sound you hear in the picture name.



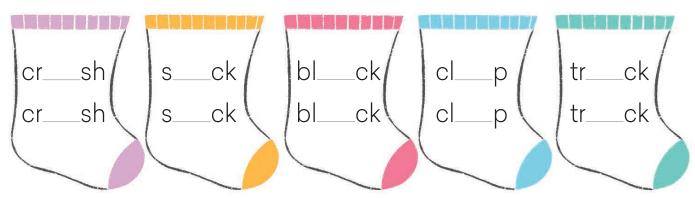








Write a, e, i, o or u to make real words.



4 Unjumble the letters to make Focus Words. Some letters are there to help you. Use the words to finish the sentences.

eekw w_{---} koulcd ksa cneal C____n loochs S

_____I will start _____. Next

Alex will _____ the mud off his socks.

Did you _____ if we ____ fly the kite?

Her phone is broken, so she cannot _____ you.

Grapheme ck



5 Segment the picture names.













6 Write ck or **k** to finish the words. **Match** the words to the pictures.

du____



clo

shar____•



sta





sti



chee_









Graphemes k, c



7 Write the words from the box to match the clues.

king	clean	kitten	could	call	skin	skip	keep
on you	r body				not di	rty _	
ring soi	meone				a bab	y cat _	
rhymes	with wou	ıld			a little	jump _	
opposi	te of throv	v out			has a	crown _	



8 Write cl or cr to finish the words. Match the words to the pictures.

in	
 ID	
1	





ush •



9 Write qu or x to finish the words. Match the words to the pictures.

___ick •



_ty •



een •



bo____



Focus Words

now	brown	mouse	sound	about
how	out	house	ground	flower
down	loud	count	cloudy	our
town	mouth	round	around	hour

- 1 Underline the letters for @ ou ow in the Focus Words.
- **2 Write** the number of sounds you hear in the picture name.













Write Focus Words that match the clues.

_____a small animal _____ not up

small city _____ at this time

_____colour of mud not in

4 Make real words with the word beginnings and the word endings.

pr

oud

ound

5 Finish the sentences with the words from the box.

Do you know _____ to get to ____

house? It is _____ the corner. It takes

five minutes to walk there You

should come over to play for an _____.

our how hour about around

Compound Words

6 Write the two words that make each compound word. The first one is done for you.

some + how =

somehow

playground

lookout

without

countdown

outside



7 Add the picture names to make compound words.























Suffix y

8 Rewrite the words adding the suffix y. **Use** the words to describe the pictures.

The suffix **y** means having.

bump mess -



cloud





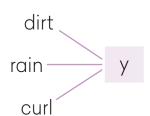
room



a ____sky



shell





Wig



dog a



day Q_{-}

SOUND WAVES

Our structured literacy approach is the key to reading, writing and spelling success. Sound Waves Literacy covers phonemic awareness, synthetic phonics, morphology and etymology, and:

- is evidence-informed
- follows a systematic synthetic phonics sequence of instruction
- is sequential and cumulative across the primary school years
- includes lesson resources to explicitly teach phoneme-grapheme relationships and vocabulary concepts
- incorporates early years reading lessons and practice
- provides assessment and remediation opportunities



EVERYTHING YOU NEED FROM FOUNDATION TO YEAR 6 ...



Start with Online teaching resources. These provide everything teachers need to deliver systematic, explicit, engaging lessons. Features include detailed lesson guides, interactive slideshows, videos, assessment and more.

Follow on with Student Book activities. These provide students with immediate consolidation of the synthetic phonics and word study knowledge taught in each lesson. Available as a workbook or printable pages.



Culminate with Decodable Readers. These high quality texts are essential for Foundation and Year 1 students to apply their phoneme–grapheme knowledge when reading.

Additional resources such as Teaching Charts, Student Charts and Playing Cards are available to support teaching and learning.



Book **FREE** professional learning for your school today!







